

# Scrutiny Report

## Overview and Scrutiny Management Committee

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### Part 1

Date: 22<sup>nd</sup> July 2021

### Subject **City Centre PSPO, Renewal and Proceed to Consultation**

**Author** Rhys Thomas – Acting Regulatory Services Manager

The following people have been invited to attend for this item:

- Gareth Price – Head of Law and Regulation
- Rhys Thomas – Regulatory Services Manager
- Michelle Tett – Community Protection Manager
- Inspector Jodie Davies – Gwent Police

## Section A – Committee Guidance and Recommendations

### 1.0 Recommendations to the Committee

At this meeting, the Committee is asked to

- 1.1 Agree (or otherwise) the continued need for a PSPO in the City Centre area of Newport.
- 1.2 Agree (or otherwise) that the evidence provided to quantify the nature of ASB in the City Centre is sufficient and to progress to public consultation.
- 1.3 Consider if the current PSPO restrictions remain relevant and note a proposal to include a urination and defecation restriction.
- 1.4 Consider the PSPO renewal consultation plan (**Appendix 4**) and determine whether the proposed consultation is targeting the most appropriate people / organisations and whether the chosen medium of consultation will provide the necessary information for the process to proceed.
- 1.5 Agree to review the outcomes of the PSPO consultation at the next available scrutiny meeting and consider the re-implementation of PSPO restrictions before presentation to Council.
- 1.6 Note that between 24<sup>th</sup> August and the date of any new PSPO being implemented, the existing order will cease to be effective until a new PSPO/renewal is made.

## **2.0 Context**

### **2.1 What is a Public Spaces Protection Order?**

2.2 A PSPO is designed to prevent individuals or groups committing anti-social behaviour in a public space where the behaviour is having, or is likely to have, a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality; and the behaviour is or likely to be persistent or continuing nature; and be unreasonable. The power to make an Order rests with local authorities, in consultation with the Police, Police and Crime Commissioner and other relevant bodies who may be impacted.

2.3 The Council can make a PSPO on any public space within its own area. The definition of public space is wide and includes any place to which the public or any section of the public has access, on payment or otherwise, as of right or by virtue of express or implied permission, for example a shopping centre. There are particular considerations for registered common land, town or village greens and open access land.

2.4 The maximum length of a PSPO is three years.

2.5 When making a PSPO, the Council must have particular regard to the rights of freedom of expression and freedom of assembly set out in the Human Rights Act 1998. Consideration of a PSPO will take place where there is material evidence of anti-social behaviour.

### **2.6 What kind of Restrictions can be in a PSPO?**

2.7 Restrictions and requirements are set by the local authority and can be blanket restrictions or requirements, or can be targeted towards certain behaviour by certain groups at certain times. They can restrict access to public spaces (including certain types of highway) where that route is being used to commit Anti-social behaviour.

2.8 Orders can be enforced by a Police officer, Police Community Support Officer and delegated and duly authorised Council Officers e.g. Community Safety Wardens or Environmental Health staff. A breach of the Order is a criminal offence and can be dealt with through the issuing of a Fixed Penalty Notice of up to £100 or a level 3 fine of up to £1000, on prosecution.

## 3.0 Current City Centre PSPO

3.1 The existing City Centre PSPO restrictions are outlined below.

ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR, CRIME AND POLICING ACT 2014  
SECTION 59  
PUBLIC SPACES PROTECTION ORDER 2018  
NEWPORT CITY CENTRE

NEWPORT CITY COUNCIL in exercise of its powers under Section 59 of the Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 ("the Act") hereby makes this Order, being satisfied on reasonable grounds that activities in a public space, namely in Newport City Centre, have had or are likely to have a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality and that these activities involved various anti-social behaviours. Further, Newport City Council believes that the effect, or likely effect, of the said activities is, or is likely to be, persistent or continuing in nature, such as to make the activities unreasonable and justifies the restriction imposed by this Order:-

1. This Order shall come into operation on 23 August 2018 and shall have effect for a period of 3 years thereafter, unless extended by further Orders under the Council's statutory powers.
2. This Order applies to the public place as shown edged in red on the Plan annexed to this Order ("the Restricted Area").
3. No person shall within the restricted area refuse to stop drinking alcohol or hand over any containers (sealed or unsealed) which are believed to contain alcohol, when required to do so by an authorised officer to prevent public nuisance or disorder.
4. No person shall within the restricted area undertake "street trading" which term includes peddling, charity collecting or touting for services, subscriptions or donations UNLESS authorised to do so by an existing Police or Council issued or Council recognised Street Trading/Charity Collection/Promotions consent, licence or written permission or holds a valid Pedlars Certificate.
5. No person shall within the restricted area beg within 10 metres of a cash or payment machine or beg in a manner which is aggressive or intimidating or which has caused or is likely to cause a member of the public to feel harassed, alarmed or distressed.
6. No person shall behave (either individually or in a group) in a manner that causes or is likely to cause harassment, alarm or distress to a member of the public; persons who breach this prohibition shall, when ordered to do so by an authorised person, disperse immediately or by such time as may be specified and in a manner as may be specified by the said authorised person and failure to do so is a further breach of this Order.

7. No person shall within the Restricted Area:

- a. Ingest, inhale, inject, smoke, possess or otherwise use intoxicating substances.
- b. Sell or supply intoxicating substances.
- c. Intoxicating substances (commonly referred to as "legal highs") is given the following definition: substances with the capacity to stimulate or depress the central nervous system (does not include alcohol).
- d. Exemptions shall apply in cases where the substances are used for valid and demonstrable medicinal use, given to an animal as a medicinal remedy, are cigarettes (tobacco) or vaporisers or are food stuffs (to include drinks) regulated by food health and safety legislation.
- e. Persons who breach this prohibition shall surrender any such intoxicating substance in his/her possession when asked to do so by an authorised officer in the Restricted Area.

8. Any person in charge of a dog within the restricted area shall be in breach of this Order if he/she fails to keep the dog on a lead (of no more than 1.5 metres in length).

**FIXED PENALTY NOTICES AND OFFENCES:-**

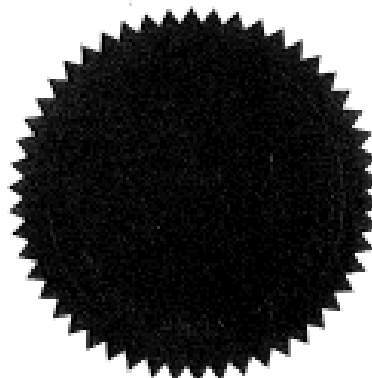
- 9. It is an offence for a person without reasonable excuse to engage in any activity that is prohibited by this Order.
- 10. In accordance with sections 63 and 68 of the Act, a person found to be in breach of this Order by refusing to stop drinking alcohol or to surrender alcohol to an authorised person, on request, is liable on summary conviction to a maximum penalty of a Level 2 fine (currently £500) or to a Fixed Penalty Notice up to £100.
- 11. In accordance with sections 67 and 68 of the Act, a person found to be in breach of this Order other than by consuming alcohol in breach of a public spaces protection order, is liable on summary conviction to a maximum penalty of a Level 3 fine (currently £1000) or to a Fixed Penalty Notice up to £100.
- 12. If any interested person desires to question the validity of this Order on the grounds that the Council had no power to make it or that any requirement of the Act has not been complied with in relation to this Order, he or she may apply to the High Court within 6 weeks from the date on which this Order is made.

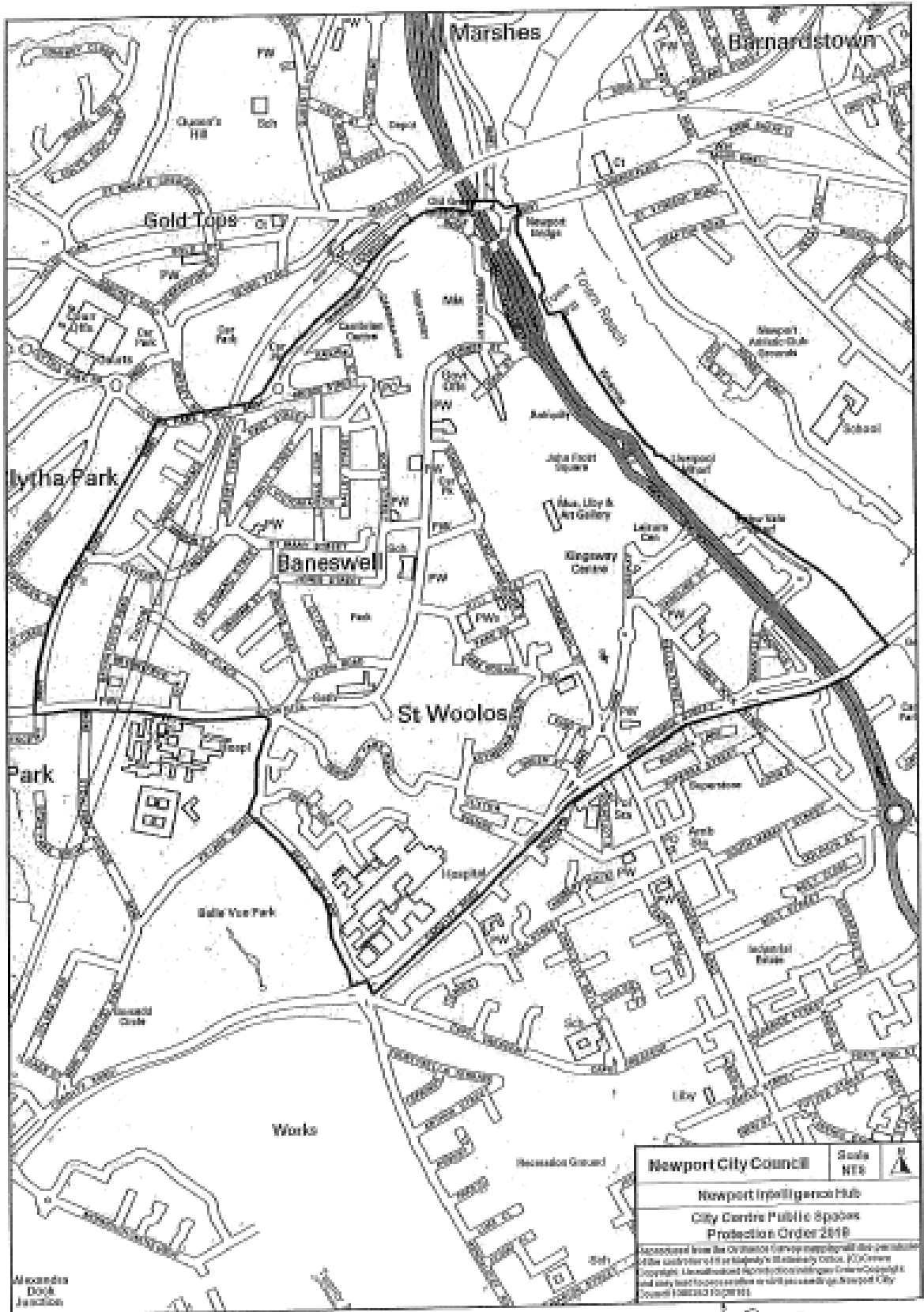
Dated: 23rd August 2018

THE COMMON SEAL of  
NEWPORT CITY COUNCIL was  
hereunto affixed in the presence of:-

  
Chief legal officer

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## 4.0 Renewal or implementing a new/varied City Centre PSPO

4.1 The existing PSPO will expire on 24<sup>th</sup> August 2021. The Council now has to decide whether to:

**4.1.1 Renew, by implementing a new PSPO with the existing restrictions for a period of 3 years;**

**4.1.2 Implement a new PSPO with amended restrictions;**

**4.1.3 Or discharge the PSPO.**

4.2 Where an authority extends or varies a PSPO, the authority has a statutory duty to Publicise and Publish the intent to extend or vary the PSPO, and also undertake a consultation on the proposals. They cannot be implemented, varied or extended without consultation. Council does not meet in time for the existing PSPO to be extended before it expires.

4.3 In order for Committee to make its decision, evidence from City Centre Police, Council Community Safety Wardens and Council Noise and Neighbourhood Officers has been provided.

4.4 The City Centre PSPO restricted area directly abuts the Pillgwenlly PSPO area which has different restrictions.

4.5 Guidance on the Renewal, Extension and Variation of a PSPO is issued by both Home Office and the Local Government Association.

### 4.6 LGA Guidance

#### ***Extension, variation and discharge***

*A PSPO can be made for a maximum duration of up to three years, after which it may be extended if certain criteria under section 60 of the Act are met. This includes that an extension is necessary to prevent activity recurring, or there has been an increase in frequency or seriousness of the activity. Extensions can be repeated, with each lasting for a maximum of three years. Effective evaluation of Orders will be important when determining whether any extensions or variations would be appropriate.*

*Councils should consider carefully what length of time would be reasonable and proportionate given the nature of behaviour in question and the impact of the restrictions being posed – byelaws, which are permanent, may be more appropriate if the issue concerned is unlikely to be transient. The impact of the original Order should be evaluated before any extensions are approved – where ASB has been completely eradicated as a result of a PSPO, it is proportionate and appropriate to consider the likelihood of recurrence of problems if the Order is not extended.*

*Orders can also be varied under the Act, by altering the area to which it applies, or changing the requirements of the Order. The same legislative tests of detrimental impact, proportionality and reasonableness need to be satisfied, as set out earlier in this guidance. Similarly, PSPOs can be discharged before their original end date.*

*Where PSPOs are varied, extended or discharged, there are statutory requirements regarding publishing or publicising this and councils are required to undertake a further consultation process (see publication and communication, above). Similarly, under section 72 councils are*

required at all of these stages to have particular regard to articles 10 and 11 of the Human Rights Act 1998 (see limitations, above).

*In light of the updated statutory guidance from the Home Office on anti-social behaviour powers, published in December 2017, councils should review their PSPOs when they are up for renewal and take into account these recent changes to the statutory guidance.*

#### **4.7 Home Office Guidance**

*At any point before expiry, the Council can extend a Public Spaces Protection Order by up to three years if they consider it is necessary to prevent the original behaviour from occurring or recurring. They should also consult with the local police and any other community representatives they think appropriate before doing so.*

**Changing the terms of a Public Spaces Protection Order:** *A Public Spaces Protection Order can cover a number of different restrictions and requirements so there should be little need to have overlapping orders in a single public space. However, if a new issue arises in an area where an Order is already in force, the council can vary the terms of the order at any time. This can change the size of the restricted area or the specific requirements or restrictions.*

*For instance, a Public Spaces Protection Order may exist to ensure dogs are kept on their leads in a park but, after 12 months, groups start to congregate in the park drinking alcohol which is having a detrimental effect on those living nearby. As a result, the council could vary the Order to deal with both issues. Any proposed variation to an existing Public Spaces Protection Order would require the council to undertake the necessary consultation on the proposed changes.*

*As well as varying the Order, a council can also seek to discharge it at any time, for instance when the issue that justified the Order has ceased or where the behaviour has stopped or the land ceases to be classified as a public space.*

#### **5.0 Supporting evidence**

The necessary evidence to support Scrutiny Committee in making its decision is included in the appendices associated with this report.

- 5.1 **Appendix 1 NCC Law and Regulation:** Summary of the use of the PSPO, observations from the Acting Regulatory Services Manager, and the ASB team.
- 5.2 **Appendix 2** is the PSPO City Centre Community Safety Wardens/N&N complaint data.
- 5.3 **Appendix 3** is the Police Evidence, Submissions and Data provided to support the need for the City Centre PSPO
- 5.4 **Appendix 4** is the proposed Draft online public consultation questionnaire and the approach to consultation including identification of community stakeholders/relevant groups.
- 5.5 **Appendix 5** is the wording of the Pillgwenlly PSPO for comparison.

## Section B – Supporting Information

### 7.0 Links to Council Policies and Priorities

7.1 Newport's Corporate Plan 2017-2022, "Building a better Newport" has a key focus – to improve people's lives in all the Council does.

7.2 An Equalities, Freedoms and Impacts Assessment will be undertaken on completion of the consultation process. It will consider the public feedback as part of the assessment the EFIA will be presented to Scrutiny before the PSPO is presented to Council.

### 8.0 Risks

8.1 There are risks associated with renewing the City Centre PSPO. It should be noted that at the point of implementation of this PSPO in 2018, significant media, public and political attention was received around the inclusion of the begging restriction.

8.2 The risks include implementing unenforceable restrictions, imposing conditions that have unexpected consequences, unfairly impact on otherwise permitted freedoms, and the PSPO becoming irrelevant.

8.3 Between 24<sup>th</sup> August 2021 and the signing of any new Order, the existing PSPO will be un-enforceable. FPNs will not be able to be issued by Police or Council Staff under the current order until a new PSPO put in place.

### 9.0 Financial Implications

9.1 There are no financial implications to the Scrutiny committee reviewing the continued need for the PSPO, consultation process or proposed renewal to the PSPO. There are no significant financial costs associated with undertaking the consultation.

### 10.0 Background Documents

- LGA PSPO Guidance to LA's (2020)
- Corporate Plan (2017-2022)



10.21 PSPO  
guidance\_06\_1.pdf



Corporate-Plan-201  
7-2022.pdf

Report Completed: 26 July 2021



## **Appendix 1: NCC Law and Regulation:** Review of the existing PSPO

### **Community and Environment: Regulatory Services Manager summary**

The existing PSPO has been used well by NCC officers and Gwent Police in both an advisory or preventative capacity and in an enforcement manner. Awareness of the PSPO is high. Engagement between Newport ASB staff and the Police occurs frequently and is testimony to a close partnership working approach.

Our Anti-Social Behaviour Officers, Community Safety Wardens and Noise and Neighbourhood Team have used the PSPO consistently since inception. They have indicated that an additional restriction regarding Urination or Defecation on the street would be beneficial, this is consistent with the restrictions added to the new Pillgwenlly PSPO.

Use of the City Centre PSPO is consistent between NCC and Police with the majority of FPNs being issued for causing harassment or distress or alcohol related matters. This is also evidence by the Newport Council complaint data.

Gwent Police have identified that the use of Alley/Lane Gating (formally known as gating orders but are now dealt with under PSPO's) will help in the prevention of ASB in the City Centre. These are often for street or local area specific issues and require bespoke consultation on those directly affected by any move to gate an area. This line of work is important, but separate to this PSPO for reasons including access & egress, emergency response, cost of gates and land ownership.

The City Centre PSPO directly abuts the Pillgwenlly PSPO restricted area and as such ensuring a level of consistency across the two areas is appropriate. Councils when making orders are to assess whether the use of a PSPO displaces issues from one locality to another.

**Recommendation:** To consult on the current content of the PSPO, review the outcomes of the consultation and if supported, implement a new PSPO for the City Centre that includes the previous restrictions and a new Urination and Defecation restriction, worded to match the Pillgwenlly restriction below.

“No person shall urinate or defecate in a public space or in public view except in a premises designated for that purpose within the Restricted Area.

## Appendix 2

Below is a record of the NCC Community Safety Wardens service request, FPN or complaint/log data from 2018 to 2021 relating to the whole Stow Hill Ward.

It must be noted that the data spans a time frame when the service changed reporting processes.

Where relevant themes associated with the PSPO are apparent, or links to broader Antisocial Behaviour, they are outlined under Commentary/PSPO Relevance.

This date includes the full year of 2018, although it must be recognised that the PSPO was implemented in August 2018.

### Fixed Penalty Notices Issued

Date Range	Call Log Type	Number FPNs	Commentary / PSPO relevance
2018	PSPO FPN	1	1 Drinking/Alcohol Related
2019	PSPO FPN	5	5 Drinking/Alcohol Related
2020	PSPO FPN	25	12 Drinking/Alcohol Related  10 Begging in a manner that causes harassment, alarm or distress,  1 Causing harassment, distress
2021	PSPO FPN	6	4 Begging in a manner that causes harassment, alarm or distress  2 Harassment, Harm and refusing to disperse from the area

### PSPO related Service Requests

Date Range	Call Log Type	Number Requests	Commentary / PSPO relevance
2018	PSPO-OTHER	21	Due to the way in which this data is held, it is not possible to break down this data in more specific detail. Review of the text associated with these complaints shows:  13 SRTS or ASB references that cite begging in the text. However in most circumstances the reference also included other issues such as alcohol use/drinking in public and tents associated with rough sleepers/homelessness.

			1 reference of threat of violence – throwing a chemical.  It should be noted that the date of all but 1 of these records pre-dates the implementation of the PSPO.
2019	PSPO-OTHER	2	2 Alcohol Related/Drinking in the street
2020	PSPO-OTHER	1	Administrative record of an event – not ASB related.
2021	PSPO-OTHER	1	1 Alcohol Related/Drinking in the street

### ASB related Service Requests in the Stow Hill Ward

Date Range	Call Log Type	Number of complaints/Call Logs	Commentary / PSPO relevance
2018	Aggressive begging	8	7 before implementation of the PSPO
	Drinking in Public	5	4 before implementation of the PSPO
	Dog off Lead	1	After implementation of PSPO
	Drug/Solvent Abuse	15	Often accompanied by other ASB issues e.g. drinking on the streets.  This call Log Type can also include finding needles or member of the public reporting seeing them
2019	Aggressive begging	6	
	Drinking in Public	2	
	Dog off lead	No records	
	Drug/Solvent Abuse	4	
2020	Aggressive begging	8	
	Drinking in Public	6	
	Dog off lead	No Records	
	Drug/Solvent Abuse	17	One report including large amount of needles and human waste

			Locations being used as toilets and injecting drugs cited in a call complaint.
2021	Aggressive begging	5	
	Drinking in Public	4	
	Dog off Lead	1	
	Drug/Solvent Abuse	10	Many needle call logs.

## Appendix 3

Gwent Police colleagues have provided a statistical report on ASB for the Stow Hill Ward.

It outlines the range and nature of ASB that the Police engage and respond too with within the Stow Hill Ward.

The Gwent Police data, specifically on the PSPO and service of Fixed Penalty Notices use includes:

- 13 tickets issued between 2019 – 2020 specifically for begging and refusing to surrender alcohol
- In 21 months 50 FPNS in total against the PSPO have been issued

Gwent Police indicate that the PSPO is of significant importance and is used in both enforcement and advice by its 9 Community Support Officers. The PSPO is also central in the use of Community Protection Warnings (CPW's) or Community Protection Notices (CPN's) issued by Gwent Police for Anti-Social Behaviour matters.

- 2018-2021 – 49 CPW/CPN's issued
- 10 CPWS and 8 CPN's currently live
- 10 Criminal Behaviour Orders issued in the same period

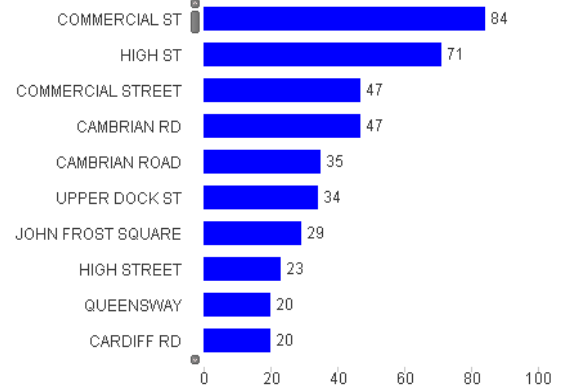
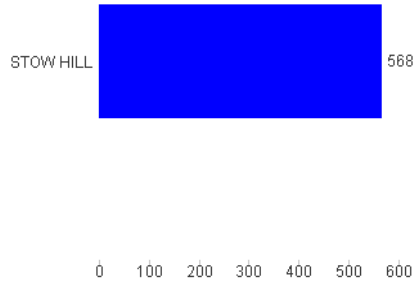
Public Order Offences, which will include elements of the PSPO and related ASB, are in the top 3 of reports/complaints made to the Police in the Stow Hill area for each year since 2018.

The Police Data also outlines the key areas where Anti-Social Behaviour and related crime occurs.

## July 2018-2019

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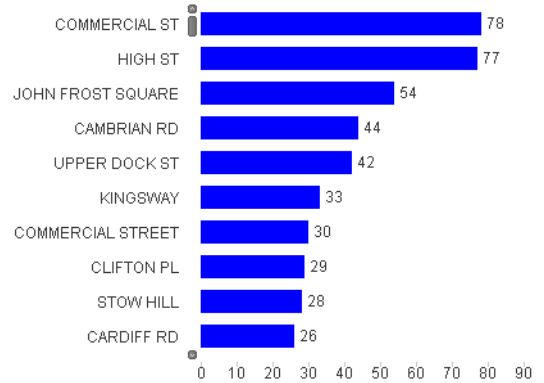
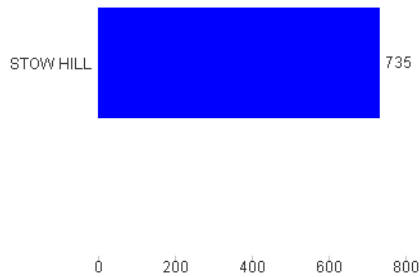
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## July 19-20

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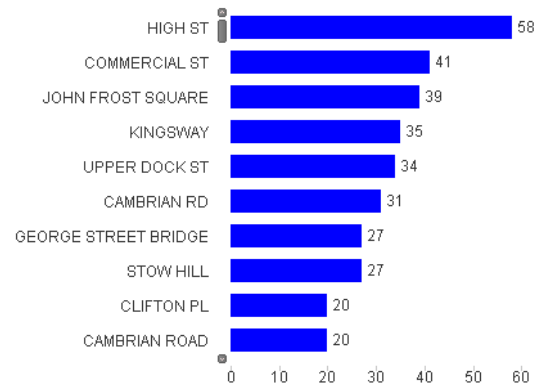
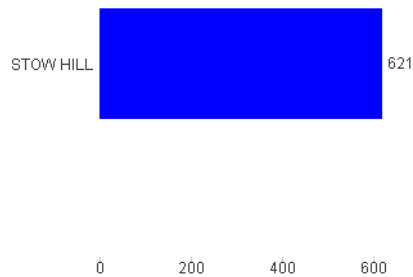
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## July 2020-2021

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## Appendix 4

The proposed approach to consultation and the questions and response options to the online questionnaire.

### 1.0 Consultees

NCC will consult the public, relevant organisations and partners during the consultation phase for 4 weeks between **01 August 2021 – 28<sup>th</sup> August 2021.**

Where other relevant organisations come forward or are identified, the consultation can be provided to them.

The Newport Council community an engagement team will also distribute the consultation link to their established network of 3<sup>rd</sup> sector organisations, charities c and religious groups operating within the Stow Hill ward.

<b>Consultee</b>	<b>Mode of Engagement</b>
Public	Online Questionnaire  Publicise via Social Media
Police and Crime Commissioner	Online Questionnaire to be sent directly to Office of the PCC.
Safer Newport	Chair to be sent Online Questionnaire and coordinate response on their behalf
Stow Hill Ward Councillors	Online Questionnaire sent directly
The Wallich	Online Questionnaire sent directly
Share Centre	Online Questionnaire sent directly and for onward distribution to relevant communities
Cwtsh	Online Questionnaire sent directly

## 2.0 Questionnaire questions



### Public Space Protection Order (PSPO) – City Centre

#### What is a Public Space Protection Order (PSPO)?

A PSPO is designed to prevent individuals or groups committing anti-social behaviour in a public space where the behaviour is having, or is likely to have, a detrimental effect on the quality of life of those in the locality; and the behaviour is or likely to be persistent or continuing nature; and be unreasonable. The power to make an order rests with the local authority. PSPO's are made under the Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014.

The Council can make a PSPO on any public space within its own area. The maximum length of a PSPO is three years, but it can be reviewed at any time.

Before making any changes to a PSPO, including extending or varying a PSPO content, the Council has to consult on the proposals.

When making a PSPO, the Council must have particular regard to the rights of freedom or expression and freedom of assembly and association set out in the Human Rights Act 1998.

#### What can a PSPO do?

Restrictions and requirements are set out by the local authority and can be blanket restrictions or requirements, or can be targeted towards certain behaviour by certain groups at certain times. They can restrict access to public spaces (including certain types of highway) where that route is being used to commit anti-social behaviour e.g. Alley Ways and parks.

Orders can be enforced by a police officer, police community support officer and delegated council officers. A breach of the Order is a criminal offence and can be dealt with through the issuing of a Fixed Penalty Notice of up to £100 (to be fixed locally), or a level 3 fine of up to £1000, on prosecution.



## Consultation Questions

1.	<b>Are you a.....?</b>	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Resident of Stow Hill Ward / City Centre	<input type="checkbox"/> Visitor to Newport
	<input type="checkbox"/> Worker in City Centre	<input type="checkbox"/> Resident of Newport
	Other	
Please specify:		
2.	<b>Have you experienced Anti-Social Behaviour in the City Centre in the past 12 months?</b>	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Never	<input type="checkbox"/> Rarely
		<input type="checkbox"/> Occasionally
		<input type="checkbox"/> Frequently

## Restrictions

The following restrictions are contained in the PSPO, please select if you agree or disagree with the continued need for the restriction. Please provide any context or examples. If you disagree, please state your reasons.

3.a	<b>No person shall, within the restricted area refuse to stop drinking alcohol or hand over any containers (sealed or unsealed) which are believed to contain alcohol, when required to do so by an authorised officer to prevent public nuisance or disorder.</b>	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Agree	<input type="checkbox"/> Disagree
If you disagree, why?		
3.b	<b>Please add any further comments about this condition.</b>	

4.a	<p><b>No person shall within the restricted area undertake “street trading” which includes peddling, charity collecting or touting for services, subscriptions or donations UNLESS authorised to do so by an existing Police or Council issued or Council recognised Street Trading/Charity Collection/Promotions consent, license or written permission or holds a valid Pedlars Certificate.</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Agree <input type="checkbox"/> Disagree</p> <p>If you disagree, why?</p>
4.b	<p><b>Please add any further comments about this condition.</b></p>
5.a	<p><b>No person shall within the restricted area beg within 10 meters of a cash or payment machine or beg in a manner which is aggressive or intimidating, or which has caused or is likely to cause a member of the public to feel harassed, alarmed or distressed.</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Agree <input type="checkbox"/> Disagree</p> <p>If you disagree, why?</p>
5.b	<p><b>Please add any further comments about this condition.</b></p>
6.a	<p><b>No person shall behave (either individually or in a group) in a manner that causes or is likely to cause harassment, alarm or distress to a member of the public; persons who breach this prohibition shall, when ordered to do so by an authorised person, disperse immediately or by such a time as may be specific and in a manner as may be specified by the said authorised person and failure to do so is a further breach of this Order.</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Agree <input type="checkbox"/> Disagree</p>

	If you disagree, why?
<b>6.b</b>	<p><b>Please add any further comments about this condition.</b></p>
<b>7.a</b>	<p><b>No person shall within the Restricted Area:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ingest, inhale, inject, smoke, possess or otherwise use intoxicating substances</li> <li>• Sell or supply intoxicating substances</li> <li>• <i>Intoxicating substances (commonly referred to as “legal highs”) is given the following definition: substances with the capacity to stimulate or depress the central nervous system (does not include alcohol).</i></li> <li>• <i>Exemptions shall apply in cases where the substances are used for valid and demonstrable medicinal use, given to an animal as a medicinal remedy, are cigarettes (tobacco) or vaporisers or are food stuffs (to include drinks) regulated by food health and safety legislation.</i></li> </ul> <p><b>Persons who breach this restriction shall surrender any such intoxicating substance in his/her possession when asked to do so by n authorised officier.</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Agree <input type="checkbox"/> Disagree</p> <p>If you disagree, why?</p>
<b>7.b</b>	<p><b>Please add any further comments about this condition.</b></p>
<b>8.a</b>	<p><b>Any person in charge of a dog within the restricted area shall be in breach of this Order if he/she fails to keep the dog on a lead (of no more than 1.5meters in length).</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Agree <input type="checkbox"/> Disagree</p>

	If you disagree, why?
8.b	<p><b>Please add any further comments about this condition.</b></p>
9.	<p><b>Is there anything else you would like to see included in the Order to help reduce Anti-Social Behaviour in and around the City Centre/Stow Hill Ward?</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p>Please state:</p>
10.	<p><b>The below image shows the boundary that is covered by the PSPO.</b></p> <p><b>INSERT IMAGE OF CITY CENTRE PSPO</b></p> <p><b>What do you think we should do (tick your preference)?</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Keep to the existing boundary <input type="checkbox"/> Make bigger <input type="checkbox"/> Make smaller</p>

<p>If you have ticked 'make bigger' or 'make smaller', please give details and specify the areas you feel should be included/excluded.</p>
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## Equalities Monitoring

This is to gather more comprehensive equalities information for those completing the survey.

<b>14.</b>	<b>What is your gender?</b>		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Male	<input type="checkbox"/> Non-binary	<input type="checkbox"/> Prefer not to say
	<input type="checkbox"/> Female	<input type="checkbox"/> Self-identify	
	If you ticked 'Self-identify', please state:		
<b>15.</b>	<b>Age?</b>		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Under 18 years old	<input type="checkbox"/> 35-44 years old	<input type="checkbox"/> 65-74 years old
	<input type="checkbox"/> 18-24 years old	<input type="checkbox"/> 45-54 years old	<input type="checkbox"/> 75 years or older
	<input type="checkbox"/> 25-34 years old	<input type="checkbox"/> 55-64 years old	<input type="checkbox"/> Prefer not to say
<b>16.</b>	<b>What area of Newport do you live in?</b>		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Allt-Yr-Yn	<input type="checkbox"/> Langstone	<input type="checkbox"/> Rogerstone
	<input type="checkbox"/> Alway	<input type="checkbox"/> Llanwern (Goldcliff)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shaftesbury (Crindau / Brynglas)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Beechwood	<input type="checkbox"/> Lliswerry	<input type="checkbox"/> St Julians
	<input type="checkbox"/> Bettws	<input type="checkbox"/> Malpas	<input type="checkbox"/> Stow Hill
	<input type="checkbox"/> Caerleon	<input type="checkbox"/> Marshfield	<input type="checkbox"/> Tredegar Park (Duffryn)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Gaer	<input type="checkbox"/> Pillgwenlly	<input type="checkbox"/> Victoria (Maindee)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Graig	<input type="checkbox"/> Ringland	<input type="checkbox"/> I do not live in Newport
<b>17.</b>	<b>Do you consider yourself to be disabled?</b>		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Prefer not to say
<b>18.</b>	<b>Do you consider yourself a Welsh speaker?</b>		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Prefer not to say
<b>19.</b>	<b>What is your ethnic group?</b>		
	<input type="checkbox"/> White – Welsh / English / Scottish / Northern Irish / British		
	<input type="checkbox"/> White – Irish	<input type="checkbox"/> Gypsy or Irish Traveller	

<input type="checkbox"/> Any other White ethnic background (please state):		
<input type="checkbox"/> White & Black Caribbean	<input type="checkbox"/> White & Asian	
<input type="checkbox"/> White & Black African		
<input type="checkbox"/> Indian	<input type="checkbox"/> Pakistani	
<input type="checkbox"/> Bangladeshi	<input type="checkbox"/> Chinese	
<input type="checkbox"/> Any other Asian ethnic background (please state):		
<input type="checkbox"/> Black African	<input type="checkbox"/> Black Caribbean	
<input type="checkbox"/> Any other Black ethnic background (please state):		
<input type="checkbox"/> Arab		
<input type="checkbox"/> Any other ethnic group or background (please state):		
<input type="checkbox"/> Any other mixed or multiple ethnic background (please state):		
<input type="checkbox"/> Prefer not to say		
<b>20.</b>	<b>What is your current sexual orientation?</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Heterosexual / Straight	<input type="checkbox"/> Pansexual	
<input type="checkbox"/> Gay man / Homosexual	<input type="checkbox"/> ACE	
<input type="checkbox"/> Gay woman / Lesbian	<input type="checkbox"/> I identify in another way	
<input type="checkbox"/> Bisexual	<input type="checkbox"/> Prefer not to say	
<b>21.</b>	<b>Are you married or in a civil partnership?</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	
<input type="checkbox"/> Prefer not to say		
<b>22.</b>	<b>Religion / Belief?</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Buddhist	<input type="checkbox"/> Muslim	<input type="checkbox"/> No religion
<input type="checkbox"/> Christian	<input type="checkbox"/> Sikh	<input type="checkbox"/> Agnostic
<input type="checkbox"/> Hindu	<input type="checkbox"/> Any Other	<input type="checkbox"/> Humanist
<input type="checkbox"/> Jewish	<input type="checkbox"/> Atheist	<input type="checkbox"/> Prefer not to say

23.	<p><b>Is your gender identity the same as the sex assigned to you at birth?</b></p> <p><i>Gender identity is a way to describe how you feel about your gender. Some people know/feel that their gender identity is the same as the sex that they were assigned at birth – for example, a person whose original birth certificate says ‘male’ and they identify as a man (‘yes’ to this question). Some people know/feel that their gender identity is not the same as the sex they were assigned at birth – for example, a person whose original birth certificate says ‘male’ and they identify as a woman (‘no’ to this question).</i></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes      <input type="checkbox"/> No      <input type="checkbox"/> Prefer not to say</p>
24.	<p><b>Caring Responsibilities</b></p> <p><b>A: Do you care for children of school age?</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes      <input type="checkbox"/> No      <input type="checkbox"/> Prefer not to say</p> <p><b>B: Do you care for children of pre-school age?</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes      <input type="checkbox"/> No      <input type="checkbox"/> Prefer not to say</p> <p><b>C: Do you care for a dependent adult or child above school age?</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes      <input type="checkbox"/> No      <input type="checkbox"/> Prefer not to say</p>

Thank you for taking the time to comment on the PSPO.



## Appendix 5

Pillgwenlly PSPO (2021-2024) restrictions for comparison.

1. Refusing to stop drinking alcohol or hand over any containers (sealed or unsealed) in their possession, which are believed to contain alcohol, when required to do so by an authorised Officer within the Restricted Area.
2. No person shall behave (either individually or in a group) in a manner that has caused or is likely to cause harassment, alarm or distress to a member of the public within the Restricted Area. Persons who breach this prohibition shall, when ordered to do so by an authorised Officer, disperse immediately and not return within 24hours, unless for a lawful reason.
3. No begging in a manner which is aggressive or intimidating or is likely to cause someone to feel harassed, alarmed or distressed.
4. No person shall urinate or defecate in a public space or in public view except in a premises designated for that purpose within the Restricted Area.
5. No person shall within the Restricted Area:
  - Ingest, inhale, inject, smoke, possess or otherwise use intoxicating substances\*.
  - Sell or supply intoxicating substances\*.

Persons who breach this restriction shall surrender any such intoxicating substance in his/her possession when asked to do so by a Police Constable.\*\*

*\*“Intoxicating substances” (commonly referred to as “legal highs”) is given the following definition: substances with the capacity to stimulate or depress the central nervous system (does not include alcohol).*

*\*\*Exemptions shall apply in cases where the substances are used for valid and demonstrable medicinal use, given to an animal as a medicinal remedy, are cigarettes (tobacco) or vaporisers or are food stuffs (to include drinks) regulated by food health and safety legislation.*

6. Cyclists, or users of scooters, E-scooters, E-bikes, skateboards and hover boards, are to dismount if requested to do so by an authorised officer, if they are of the opinion that the operator is riding in an unsafe manner which is causing or is likely to cause a danger to the public in the Restricted Area.
7. No person shall spit saliva or any other product from their mouth onto the ground within the Restricted Area.
8. No person shall enter the restricted area and attempt to buy sexual services from another person

